

SYSTÈMES AUTONOMES DE PRODUCTION (SAP)

DISCRETE EVENT SYSTEMS

Lecturers: Emmanuel BOUTLEUX, Anton KORNIIENKO | Lecturers : 8.0 | TC : 4.0 | PW : 16.0 | Autonomy : 4.0 | Study : 0.0 | Project : 0.0 | Language : FR

Objectives

Many industrial processes are working through a discrete time operation sequence. Flexible production units or manufacturing lanes composed what is called discrete event systems and are controlled by logical loops.

First the aim is to handle a set of specifications for such a close-loop process and to build up the control part of the loop. Industrial applications are nowadays mainly embedded in a Programmable Logic Controller (PLC).

The other aim is to discover and learn how to use Petri network tool so as to model part or totality of a close-

Keywords : Programmable Logic Controller, Behavior modelisation, Sequential fonctional chart, performances checking, Petri networks

Programme	 Control of continuous systems and discrete event systems Programmable Logic Controller and GRAFCET langage (also called Sequential Functional Chart – SFC) Petri networks (principles, most used structures, property analysis)
Learning outcomes	 To modelise discrete event systems behavior To use a model so as to check and compare performances To know a conventional programming language for PLC To be aware of PLc singularities
Independent study	Objectifs : To find and to handle a Freeware dedicated to Petri networks simulation
	Méhodes : Case study
Core texts	GENDREAU D., 7 FACETTES DU GRAFCET, APPROCHES PRATIQUES DE LA CONCEPTION À L'EXPLOITATION, PRATIQUES DE LA CONCEPTION À L'EXPLOITATION, CEPADUES-Editions, 2000 MORENO, S/PEULOT LE GRAFCET. CONCEPTION-IMPLANTATION, CASTEILLA – TECHNIPLUS DAVID, R/ALLA, ADU GRAFCET AUX RÉSEAUX DE PETRI, Hermès, 1992
Assessment	Final mark is composed with 50% individual writing test + 50% based upon practical activities.