

INTRODUCTION AUX VIBRATIONS NON-LINÉAIRES

INTRODUCTION TO NONLINEAR VIBRATIONS

Lecturers:Joël PERRET LIAUDET, Fabrice THOUVEREZ, Marc JACOB| Lecturers : 16.0 | TC : 0.0 | PW : 8.0 | Autonomy : 0.0 | Study : 4.0 | Project : 0.0 | Language : FR

Objectives

This course is an introduction to the main phenomena related to the problems of nonlinear vibrations. The minimum knowledge and rules useful to the engineer will be introduced to diagnose and treat these problems. Many examples from engineering problems will illustrate the course. We can mention the dynamics of frictional contacts (squeal noise), clearance systems (rattling), rotors dynamics and gear transmissions, bridges subjected to wind .

Keywords : nonlinear vibrations, dynamics of systems, stability, bifurcations, nonlinear modes, principal resonances, super-harmonics, sub-harmonics, self-sustained vibrations, galloping, flutter phenome

Programme	 * Generalities on nonlinear vibratory problems in engineering, classification of sources * Description and Analysis Tools, Nonlinear Modal Analysis * Loss of equilibrium stability and self-sustained vibrations (galloping phenomena, squealing) * Phenomena of nonlinear resonances (principal and harmonics) * Concept of strange responses (chaos) * Introduction to methods specific to the treatment of nonlinear phenomena
Learning outcomes	 detect and / or diagnose nonlinear vibration phenomena characterize the main kinds of vibration responses identify the main phenomena that lead to these dynamic responses model some nonlinear problems and use specific methods
Independent study	Objectifs : Study of vibro impacting systems and hertzian contacts under normal excitations. Study of friction instabilities. Practical methods devoted to nonlinear problems knowledge of several scenarii inducing chaos.
	Méhodes : Practical works, Design project
Core texts	 A. H. Nayfeh, B. Balachandran. , APPLIED NONLINEAR DYNAMICS: ANALYTICAL, COMPUTATIONAL AND EXPERIMENTAL METHODS, J. Wiley, 1995 Vidal, Bergé, Pommeau L'ORDRE DANS LE CHAOS, Hermann, 1984 Manneville, P.INSTABILITÉS, CHAOS ET TURBULENCE, Ecole Polytechnique, 2004
Assessment	final = 50% knowledge + 50% know how knowledge = 100% final exam know how = 100% continuous monitoring