

ANALYSE DES ASSEMBLAGES : GÉOMÉTRIE ET ARCHITECTURE

MECHANICAL ASSEMBLY: ARCHITECTURE AND GEOMETRY ANALYSES

Lecturers: Didier LACOUR, Bertrand HOUX | Lecturers : 16.0 | TC : 0.0 | PW : 4.0 | Autonomy : 0.0 | Study : 8.0 | Project : 0.0 | Language : FR

Objectives

Present methods and tools for analyzing the geometric quality of assemblies.

Mastering the architecture and geometry of assemblies is a major industrial objective. The geometrical quality of the parts and the architecture of the assemblies can have direct repercussions on the assembly capacity of the product, but also on the services it must provide.

This course presents the modern methods of assembly simulation by integrating the geometrical defects of their components. It thus identifies the theoretical concepts on which these methods are based, in order to understand their fields of application and their limits.

Keywords : Assembly, architecture, geometric specifications, ISO GPS standards, tolerancing, metrology, influencing analysis, assembly simulation, statistics

Quantification of the specifications and analysis of their influences on the assembly (sensitivities) Programme by torsors of small displacements. Statistical Approaches, Monte Carlo. Geometric Specification Methods, Geometrical Product Specification (GPS). Algorithms used in three-dimensional metrology (numerical methods of association). Knowledge of methods and tools for analyzing the geometric quality of assemblies. Write and _earning interpret standardized geometric specifications. Analyze influences and contributions on a concrete outcomes model. Establish and implement a three-dimensional control strategy. Objectifs : This activity is not concerned with framed autonomy activities outside personal work. Independent study Méhodes: This activity is not concerned with framed autonomy activities outside personal work. Anselmetti B. - Lavoisier, 2010., TOLÉRANCEMENT - VOLUMES 1 À 4., Hermès, 2010 Core texts Charpentier F. MÉMENTO DE SPÉCIFICATION GÉOMÉTRIQUE DES PRODUITS - LES NORMES ISO-GPS., AFNOR, 2015 Bourdet P. & Mathieu L. TOLÉRANCEMENT ET MÉTROLOGIE DIMENSIONNELLE., Cetim, 1999 Final mark = 60% Knowledge + 40% Know-how Assessment Knowledge mark = 100% final exam Know-how mark = 100% continuous assessment